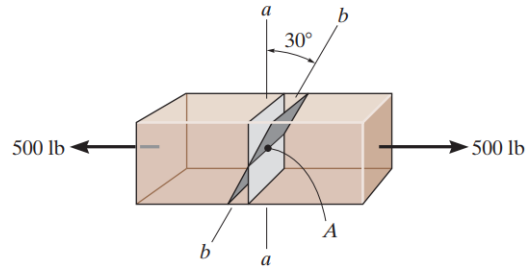


Problem 1-2

Determine the resultant internal normal and shear force in the member at (a) section $a-a$ and (b) section $b-b$, each of which passes through the centroid A . The 500-lb load is applied along the centroidal axis of the member.

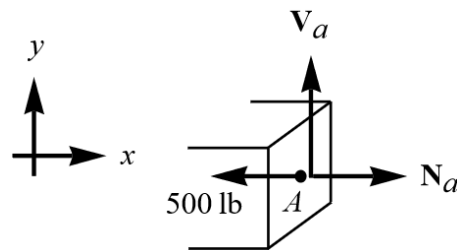


Prob. 1-2

Solution

Part (a)

Use the method of sections to determine the shear and normal forces at A , using cross-section $a-a$.



Also, use the equilibrium conditions.

$$\sum F_x = N_a - 500 = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = V_a = 0$$

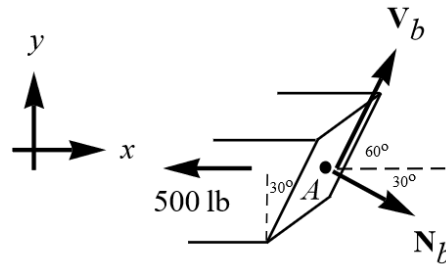
Solve for the normal and shear forces.

$$N_a = 500 \text{ lb}$$

$$V_a = 0$$

Part (b)

Use the method of sections to determine the shear and normal forces at A , using cross-section $b-b$.



Also, use the equilibrium conditions.

$$\sum F_x = V_b \cos 60^\circ + N_b \cos 30^\circ - 500 = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = V_b \sin 60^\circ - N_b \sin 30^\circ = 0$$

The aim is to solve for V_b and N_b .

$$\frac{V_b}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}N_b}{2} - 500 = 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}V_b}{2} - \frac{N_b}{2} = 0$$

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 2, and solve the second equation for N_b .

$$V_b + \sqrt{3}N_b = 1000$$

$$\sqrt{3}V_b = N_b$$

Substitute this formula for N_b into the first equation and solve for V_b .

$$V_b + \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}V_b) = 1000$$

$$4V_b = 1000$$

$$V_b = 250 \text{ lb}$$

Therefore,

$$N_b = \sqrt{3}(250 \text{ lb}) \approx 433 \text{ lb.}$$